

Scripps National Spelling Bee

2020-2021 School Spelling Bee Study List

1.	gel	(noun)	an elastic and is	ellylike substance.
	5°1	(110411)	arrenastic arra j	en y mice substance.

2. (noun) a chain of connected railroad cars. train

3. sport (verb) to wear something with delight or satisfaction.

4. rich (adjective) having large amounts of wealth.

5. a snakelike fish with smooth skin. eel (noun)

6. (plural noun) people who enthusiastically support a sport or fans

activity.

7. dome (noun) a circular roof or ceiling that is vaulted.

8. tall (adjective) above average in height.

9. better (adjective) improved in well-being.

10. to strike something with an object in order to move it. hit (verb)

11. (noun) the edible, oily seed of a plant that ripens to have seed peanut

pods each with one to three seeds inside.

12. (noun) a sweet baked good that is usually covered with icing. cake

13. (noun) bite a snack.

14. (noun) twelve o'clock: the part of the day when the sun is noon

highest.

15. (adjective) sticky and gluey. gummy

16. sting (verb) to cause sharp mental suffering.





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17.	ray	(noun)	a line of light coming out of a bright object.
18.	dusk	(noun)	the darker part of twilight.
19.	mops	(plural noun)	household devices that consist of rags or yarn attached to a handle and that are used to clean floors.
20.	thanks	(plural noun)	kind thoughts : gratitude.
21.	dash	(noun)	a touch of something.
22.	skin	(noun)	the covering of a fruit.
23.	star	(noun)	an object in the sky that gives off light you can generally only see at night.
24.	began	(verb)	started an action or activity.
25.	grew	(verb)	arose and came into full development.
26.	fine	(adjective)	excellent in character or nature.
27.	day	(noun)	the period of light between sunrise and sunset.
28.	upset	(verb)	to disturb the peace of : to cause emotional distress.
29.	father	(noun)	a male who is also a parent.
30.	jam	(noun)	a sweet thick food made from fruit and sugar.
31.	mugs	(plural noun)	cups with handles used for drinking beverages.
32.	fair	(noun)	an event with games, rides, and other attractions.
33.	dinner	(noun)	the main meal of the day, eaten in the evening.
34.	rats	(plural noun)	members of the rodent family that are larger than mice, sometimes live near humans, and are often considered undesirable pests that can carry disease.
35.	fed	(verb)	gave food to.
36.	sir	(noun)	 used as a form of address showing respect to a person of greater age or authority.
37.	boom	(noun)	a hollow sound that is deep.
38.	wave	(verb)	to move the hands or something held in the hands in order to communicate.

39.	trunk	(noun)	an item of luggage with rigid construction that is generally too big to be carried by one person.
40.	sleepy	(adjective)	feeling ready to rest.
41.	full	(adjective)	holding the maximum amount.
42.	huge	(adjective)	extremely big.
43.	born	(adjective)	having certain qualities from the time of birth.
44.	jumping	(adjective)	given to or characterized by making leaps.
45.	damp	(adjective)	a little bit wet.
46.	from	(preposition)	 used to indicate a starting point when expressing how far one place is in relation to another.
47.	hunch	(noun)	an intuitive feeling that is strong.
48.	each	(adjective)	being one of two or more individuals that make up a group.
49.	shade	(noun)	a place protected from the sun.
50.	ribs	(plural noun)	the curved bony rods found in pairs that occur usually between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs.
50. 51.	ribs forever	(plural noun) (adverb)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and
			between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs.
51.	forever	(adverb)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly.
51. 52.	forever freeze	(adverb) (verb)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still.
51.52.53.	forever freeze scorch	(adverb) (verb) (verb)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still. to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat.
51.52.53.54.	forever freeze scorch motor	(adverb) (verb) (verb) (noun)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still. to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat. an engine that runs on gasoline.
51.52.53.54.55.	forever freeze scorch motor talking	(adverb) (verb) (verb) (noun) (verb)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still. to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat. an engine that runs on gasoline. saying, uttering.
51.52.53.54.55.56.	forever freeze scorch motor talking money	(adverb) (verb) (verb) (noun) (verb) (noun)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still. to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat. an engine that runs on gasoline. saying, uttering. something that is used to pay for goods or services.
51.52.53.54.55.56.57.	forever freeze scorch motor talking money couch	(adverb) (verb) (verb) (noun) (verb) (noun) (noun)	between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs. for a boundless amount of time: endlessly. to stay perfectly still. to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat. an engine that runs on gasoline. saying, uttering. something that is used to pay for goods or services. a piece of furniture that one can sit or lie down on.

61.	chess	(noun)	a two-player game with the objective being to checkmate the opponent's king by moving pieces according to specific rules.
62.	slimy	(adjective)	having a gluey, sticky quality.
63.	squeak	(verb)	to make a cry or sound that is short and shrill.
64.	friend	(noun)	a person whose company is desirable because of the kind feeling or attachment one has for them.
65.	laptop	(noun)	a microcomputer that can be battery-powered and is capable of being easily transported.
66.	movie	(noun)	a string of images appearing very quickly so as to produce the effect of one continuous moving picture.
67.	known	(adjective)	that is understood through the senses or mentally.
68.	suffer	(verb)	to experience pain or distress.
69.	double	(adjective)	twice as many.
70.	watch	(verb)	to look out for someone or something.
71.	ahoy	(interjection)	— used in greeting or beckoning by calling to.
72.	dream	(noun)	a sequence of images or thoughts experienced while sleeping.
73.	whine	(verb)	to make a high-pitched sound that is pained or sad.
74.	beans	(plural noun)	pods containing seeds that are eaten as vegetables.
75.	child	(noun)	a young person who is not yet an adult.
76.	space	(noun)	the area lying beyond the atmosphere of Earth.
77.	princess	(noun)	a member of a royal family who is female, especially the daughter or granddaughter of a ruler.
78.	piper	(noun)	a person who performs music on a type of wind instrument.
79.	hear	(verb)	to notice something by use of the ear.
80.	sprint	(verb)	to run at top speed.
81.	awe	(noun)	a feeling of mingled respect and fear.
82.	afar	(adverb)	at or from a great distance.

83.	bowl	(noun)	a round and hollow container.
84.	sweat	(noun)	a salty fluid produced by glands in the skin : perspiration.
85.	cost	(noun)	the amount that is paid for an item or service.
86.	sleek	(adjective)	glossy and smooth.
87.	bottle	(noun)	a rigid or mostly rigid usually plastic or glass container with a small round mouth, no handle, and a cap, screw top, or plug as a lid.
88.	smart	(adjective)	displaying close attention to detail in dressing and appearance.
89.	stared	(verb)	gazed for a long time at something or off into space.
90.	plopped	(verb)	let the body fall down in a heavy manner.
91.	darted	(verb)	moved quickly and suddenly.
92.	angry	(adjective)	feeling or acting full of wrath: mad.
93.	sidekick	(noun)	someone who associates with and assists a person who is usually in a superior position.
94.	stuff	(noun)	various personal possessions, such as clothing.
95.	least	(adjective)	the lowest in terms of rank or importance.
96.	little	(adjective)	tiny.
97.	felt	(noun)	a type of cloth made of fibers of wool and fur that are combined through heat, pressure, moisture, or chemicals.
98.	summer	(noun)	the season that consists of June, July, and August.
99.	carefully	(adverb)	cautiously.
100.	would	(verb)	— used to indicate determination when paired with a verb.
101.	shambles	(plural noun)	a highly disorganized scene.
102.	taillight	(noun)	a red lamp on the back of an automobile.
103.	quicken	(verb)	to cause to come to life.
104.	presence	(noun)	the state of actually being somewhere.

105.	sizzle	(verb)	to make a noise that sounds like a hiss.
106.	hatchling	(noun)	an animal that has just emerged from an egg.
107.	razz	(verb)	to make fun of.
108.	followed	(verb)	went behind someone or something on the same path.
109.	purple	(adjective)	of a color that is between blue and red.
110.	entire	(adjective)	having nothing removed or left out : whole.
111.	December	(noun)	the 12th month.
112.	sudden	(adjective)	changing unexpectedly : abrupt.
113.	slither	(verb)	to glide in a snakelike way.
114.	combed	(verb)	made straight : arranged properly.
115.	patrol	(verb)	to cover a police beat either by walking or driving it.
116.	epic	(adjective)	going far beyond the typical or the ordinary.
117.	vital	(adjective)	of the highest importance.
118.	pocket	(noun)	a cloth pouch with an open end sewed on a piece of clothing.
119.	project	(verb)	to jut out past a certain point.
120.	goofy	(adjective)	silly.
121.	insisted	(verb)	strongly maintained a certain position.
122.	remember	(verb)	to call to mind once more.
123.	travel	(verb)	to go from one place to another: to go on a journey.
124.	cranky	(adjective)	subject to ill temper or impatience : irritable.
125.	career	(noun)	a job for which a person trains, with plans to pursue it for the rest of their life.
126.	disease	(noun)	sickness, illness.
127.	trophy	(noun)	a physical award given to recognize the winner in a contest.

128.	theater OR theatre	(noun)	a structure where dramatic performances are presented, usually with a stage and an auditorium.
129.	athlete	(noun)	a person skilled at physical activities or sports.
130.	jotted	(verb)	wrote quickly and informally.
131.	swirled	(verb)	had a coil, winding, or twist.
132.	amount	(noun)	the sum total.
133.	sighed	(verb)	exhaled audibly in order to express various emotions such as tiredness, regret, grief, or relief.
134.	sheen	(noun)	a surface glow of reflected light.
135.	worse	(adjective)	more sick.
136.	sandwich	(noun)	two pieces of bread with meat or cheese or a mixture of foods placed between them.
137.	duo	(noun)	a pair.
138.	gleaming	(adjective)	luminous with indirect or reflected light.
139.	repress	(verb)	to bring under control by force or power.
107.	тергезз	(VCID)	to bring under control by force or power.
140.	clothes	(plural noun)	the garments and accessories worn by a person.
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140. 141.	clothes	(plural noun)	the garments and accessories worn by a person.
140. 141.	clothes	(plural noun) (adjective)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair.
140.141.142.	clothes either rely	(plural noun) (adjective) (verb)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair. to trust.
140.141.142.143.	clothes either rely chose	(plural noun) (adjective) (verb) (verb)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair. to trust. selected one thing instead of another.
140.141.142.143.144.	clothes either rely chose belle	(plural noun) (adjective) (verb) (verb) (noun)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair. to trust. selected one thing instead of another. a charming, attractive, popular woman.
140.141.142.143.144.145.	clothes either rely chose belle else	(plural noun) (adjective) (verb) (verb) (noun) (adjective)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair. to trust. selected one thing instead of another. a charming, attractive, popular woman. indicating something additional. a depiction (as of a building, person, or landscape) on paper, canvas, or another material created by
140.141.142.143.144.145.146.	clothes either rely chose belle else picture	(plural noun) (adjective) (verb) (verb) (noun) (adjective) (noun)	the garments and accessories worn by a person. one or the other of a pair. to trust. selected one thing instead of another. a charming, attractive, popular woman. indicating something additional. a depiction (as of a building, person, or landscape) on paper, canvas, or another material created by drawing, painting, photography, or engraving.

150.	rescue	(verb)	to save from danger or evil.
151.	antsy	(adjective)	unable to stay still: jumpy or fidgety.
152.	hover	(verb)	to float over something.
153.	billow	(verb)	to move in wave-like surges.
154.	posh	(adjective)	extremely luxurious or exquisite.
155.	Canada	(geographical entry)	a North American country that stretches from the northern border of the United States to the Arctic, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.
156.	toga	(noun)	a long cloth first worn as a garment by citizens of ancient Rome.
157.	bison	(noun)	a large, shaggy cowlike mammal with short horns and a hump.
158.	strum	(verb)	to play a stringed musical instrument.
159.	dangerous	(adjective)	involving risk : requiring caution.
160.	pluck	(verb)	to yank or pick out.
161.	squid	(noun)	a type of 10-armed sea animal having a highly developed head, prehensile suckers or hooks, and the ability to swim rapidly by means of shooting a jet of water.
162.	Frisbee	(trademark)	 used for a thin circular object made of plastic that is thrown between two or more people.
163.	teeter	(verb)	to move in a wobbly or unsteady way.
164.	chives	(plural noun)	plants related to onions that are used to add flavor to food.
165.	rallies	(verb)	regains strength or comes back in an athletic contest.
166.	pastry	(noun)	an individual piece of a type of sweet good that is made of baked dough.
167.	coveralls	(plural noun)	clothes worn over others to protect them, generally consisting of shirts and loose trousers joined together.
168.	ponytail	(noun)	a hairstyle where all the hair is pulled back and meant to look like the long hairs on the end of a horse.
169.	clatter	(noun)	a loud noise as of solid objects colliding.

170.	snout	(noun)	the lengthy projecting nose of any of several mammals, such as the pig.
171.	tumbling	(noun)	the sport of performing the gymnastic skills of turning and rolling.
172.	cradle	(noun)	a bed that typically rocks and is designed for use by a baby.
173.	firefly	(noun)	a flying insect that emits intermittent light.
174.	serious	(adjective)	grave in demeanor, personality, or appearance.
175.	banners	(plural noun)	strips of cloth with messages or signs painted on them.
176.	humor OR humour	(verb)	to soothe by indulging.
177.	mention	(noun)	a brief acknowledgment or citation.
178.	spoken	(adjective)	delivered by word of mouth.
179.	record	(noun)	a statement in writing giving the details of an event.
180.	bridge	(noun)	something that is built over a low spot or obstacle in order to travel over it.
181.	pinpoint	(verb)	to determine the place of with exceptional accuracy.
182.	wisdom	(noun)	information gained over time.
183.	slate	(noun)	a flat stone tile used for roofing and siding.
184.	drape	(verb)	to cover loosely with a cloth.
185.	countless	(adjective)	too many to be tallied : a great number.
186.	hideout	(noun)	a haven, unseen shelter, or safe harbor.
187.	ruins	(plural noun)	remnants of things that have been demolished.
188.	Mexico	(geographical entry)	a country in southern North America.
189.	glazed	(verb)	became shiny like glass in appearance.
190.	scanner	(noun)	a device that makes a digital copy of an image or document.
191.	oncoming	(adjective)	approaching.
192.	flimsy	(adjective)	not sturdy : weak.

193.	launch	(verb)	to fling something with great effort.
194.	rubble	(noun)	fractured pieces of rock and other materials produced by the deterioration or demolition of a building.
195.	tourists	(plural noun)	people who journey from one place to another for knowledge or enjoyment.
196.	laughter	(noun)	the sound of air being expelled from the lungs in the expression of an emotion (such as joy).
197.	window	(noun)	an opening in a wall or door that usually contains a sheet of glass and that allows light and air in and permits viewing.
198.	meeting	(noun)	a coming together of people in a group for a specific purpose.
199.	plush	(adjective)	markedly extravagant, lavish, or effortless: exceptional of its kind.
200.	helmet	(noun)	a hard, protective head covering.
201.	whimper	(verb)	to whine softly.
202.	bracelet	(noun)	a chain worn around the wrist for ornamentation.
203.	inwardly	(adverb)	internally: privately to one's self.
204.	mobility	(noun)	the ease with which a person or thing can move.
205.	eddy	(noun)	a small swirl of air or water moving against the main current.
206.	fanged	(adjective)	having the long sharp teeth of certain predatory animals, or being shaped like such teeth.
207.	bough	(noun)	a tree branch.
208.	listlessly	(adverb)	in a spiritless, languid manner.
209.	cautioned	(verb)	warned about a danger.
210.	flurry	(noun)	an instance of many things happening at once.
211.	glisten	(verb)	to shine: to sparkle.
212.	accuse	(verb)	to charge with a wrong.
213.	drowsy	(adjective)	sleepy.
214.	scoff	(verb)	to speak with contempt or ridicule.

215.	opposite	(adjective)	contrary: utterly different.
216.	instrument	(noun)	a device that is used to make music.
217.	blissfully	(adverb)	in a manner indicating absolute happiness.
218.	coarse	(adjective)	rough or crude in form or design.
219.	activists	(plural noun)	people who agitate and organize to achieve particular political goals.
220.	commute	(verb)	to journey back and forth between locations often or regularly.
221.	cocoa	(noun)	a warm drink of chocolate powder and water or milk.
222.	nutrients	(plural noun)	substances that nourish or promote growth or development.
223.	scarcely	(adverb)	just barely.
224.	stretcher	(noun)	a carrying device used to transport the dead, sick, or injured.
225.	lairs	(plural noun)	places where wild animals live.
226.	hybrid	(adjective)	having a blend of traits from two different traditions or cultures.
227.	mustard	(noun)	a strong yellow condiment made of crushed seeds made into a paste.
228.	cruel	(adjective)	stern, harsh, and without pity or softness.
229.	schedule	(noun)	a list of events or activities marked with when each will take place.
230.	goblins	(plural noun)	fairy creatures, generally ugly and threatening.
231.	splutter	(verb)	to speak in a hasty or confused fashion.
232.	convince	(verb)	to get someone to agree or believe by arguing a point.
233.	grateful	(adjective)	expressing gratitude: wanting to give thanks.
234.	gesture	(noun)	a movement of the body that communicates an idea.
235.	formation	(noun)	a group of troops arranged in a particular order.
236.	previous	(adjective)	occurring earlier or before.
237.	imposing	(adjective)	commanding attention due to magnificence, stature, size, or scope.

238.	complicated	(adjective)	not easy to understand.
239.	unnoticed	(adjective)	not observed or recognized.
240.	agreement	(noun)	a plan or course of action that two or more people have decided upon.
241.	dappled	(adjective)	spotted or speckled.
242.	rustle	(verb)	to cause low, distinct sounds by moving.
243.	chef	(noun)	a skilled cook who leads a kitchen, its staff, and its operations in a restaurant or other business.
244.	crease	(noun)	a line or groove left in a flexible material through folding.
245.	whales	(plural noun)	very large aquatic mammals that look like fish.
246.	mislead	(verb)	to guide in an incorrect direction or into a mistaken belief or action : to deceive.
247.	subtitles	(plural noun)	written translations of foreign language dialogue projected at the bottom of the screen of a motion picture.
248.	fragment	(noun)	a portion broken off from a whole.
249.	retreat	(verb)	to fall back or retire from a position.
250.	implore	(verb)	to beseech.
251.	lento	(adverb)	in a slow way — used as a direction in music.
252.	Scandinavia	(geographical entry)	Sweden, Norway, and Denmark.
253.	haggis	(noun)	a soft, sausage-like food popular in Scotland made of parts of a sheep or calf mixed with suet, onions, oats, and seasonings and boiled in a bag.
254.	dolce	(noun)	a dessert that is sweet.
255.	opus	(noun)	a musical composition.
256.	pedestrian	(noun)	a person who walks rather than using other transportation.
257.	snorkels	(plural noun)	plastic tubes for breathing with a mouthpiece at one end and a valve at the other, used when swimming at the surface with the face under the water.
258.	lullaby	(noun)	a tune to calm children or cause them to sleep or rest peacefully.

259.	FORTRAN	(noun)	a language in computer programming resembling algebra in its notation and frequently used in science.
260.	tangents	(plural noun)	digressions.
261.	expression	(noun)	a meaningful phrase or word.
262.	violin	(noun)	a small four-stringed instrument that is held on the shoulder and played with a bow.
263.	binary	(adjective)	having to do with a number system that has two as its base.
264.	semicolon	(noun)	a punctuation mark used to separate parts of a sentence.
265.	patent	(adjective)	easy to see or understand : obvious.
266.	incantations	(plural noun)	charms or spells that are sung or said while performing magic or during rituals.
267.	treble	(noun)	the voice part that is the highest in vocal music.
268.	Baltic	(adjective)	having to do with Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.
269.	ventured	(verb)	dared to meet, attempt, or start something.
270.	deities	(plural noun)	goddesses or gods.
270.271.	deities feta	(plural noun) (noun)	goddesses or gods. a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water.
			a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats
271.	feta	(noun)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water.
271. 272.	feta proverb	(noun)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message.
271.272.273.	feta proverb indecipherable	(noun) (noun) (adjective)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message. unable to be made out or understood.
271.272.273.274.	feta proverb indecipherable podium	(noun) (noun) (adjective) (noun)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message. unable to be made out or understood. a platform or pedestal that is raised. organized into a row of houses or apartments situated
271.272.273.274.275.	feta proverb indecipherable podium terraced	(noun) (noun) (adjective) (noun) (adjective)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message. unable to be made out or understood. a platform or pedestal that is raised. organized into a row of houses or apartments situated on a slope.
271.272.273.274.275.276.	feta proverb indecipherable podium terraced Aztec	(noun) (noun) (adjective) (noun) (adjective) (noun)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message. unable to be made out or understood. a platform or pedestal that is raised. organized into a row of houses or apartments situated on a slope. a people that founded a Mexican empire.
271.272.273.274.275.276.277.	feta proverb indecipherable podium terraced Aztec laboratory	(noun) (noun) (adjective) (noun) (adjective) (noun) (noun)	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water. a common saying that is short and has a message. unable to be made out or understood. a platform or pedestal that is raised. organized into a row of houses or apartments situated on a slope. a people that founded a Mexican empire. a place to perform scientific experiments.

281.	convulsive	(adjective)	producing or characterized by violent, spasmodic muscle contractions.
282.	jasper	(noun)	a type of quartz that is not see-through and can be many colors.
283.	berth	(noun)	a place to sleep or sit.
284.	deference	(noun)	a yielding of opinion or preference out of respect for someone else's position or opinion.
285.	detergent	(noun)	a substance designed for cleaning.
286.	sheathed	(verb)	enclosed a blade or other instrument in its tightly fitted case.
287.	mantle	(noun)	a loose garment without sleeves that is worn over clothes.
288.	streamlet	(noun)	a body of running water that is little.
289.	strait	(noun)	a relatively narrow channel linking two sizeable bodies of water.
290.	congratulate	(verb)	to wish joy to.
291.	fountain	(noun)	the framework from which a spurt of water ascends.
292.	curtly	(adverb)	marked by a rude or almost rude shortness of speech.
293.	garish	(adjective)	flashy to the point of tastelessness.
294.	gilded	(adjective)	covered with gold, or appearing as such.
295.	contingent	(noun)	the troops provided by one participant in an allied military action.
296.	swerve	(verb)	to depart from a straight course.
297.	president	(noun)	the officer who presides over a body of government, such as a legislative assembly, council, or administrative board.
298.	depths	(plural noun)	the parts that extend the furthest down.
299.	Oregon	(geographical entry)	a state in the northwestern United States that extends to the Pacific.
300.	purpose	(noun)	an outcome to be kept in sight in a plan or operation.
301.	cladding	(verb)	putting clothes on.
302.	scallion	(noun)	a small green onion, usually eaten raw.

303.	stealthily	(adverb)	in a manner designed to evade observation : secretive.
304.	warden	(noun)	someone who takes care of or has the charge of something: guardian.
305.	copious	(adjective)	plentiful.
306.	hurtle	(verb)	to rush along: to move at great speeds.
307.	fester	(verb)	to decay: to show signs of serious deterioration.
308.	intoxicating	(adjective)	causing excitement from joy or happiness.
309.	outlandish	(adjective)	highly unusual or unfamiliar.
310.	porcupine	(noun)	a fairly large rodent with sharp bristles that are able to stand up mixed in with its fur.
311.	lurching	(verb)	staggering.
312.	ineffective	(adjective)	not able to perform a required task: incapable.
313.	trough	(noun)	a long, large, shallow container used particularly to hold food or water for domestic animals.
314.	parchment	(noun)	a thin sheet of a type of paper made for recording writing.
315.	leach	(verb)	to dissolve out or remove through the action of a liquid.
316.	wrath	(noun)	a feeling of great anger.
317.	corporate	(adjective)	relating to a group of people that carry on commercial or industrial business.
318.	propane	(noun)	a highly flammable gas that is primarily used as fuel and for making chemicals.
319.	dissuade	(verb)	to successfully encourage a person not to do something by reasoning with them.
320.	profusion	(noun)	a lavish quantity : a huge amount.
321.	appalling	(adjective)	causing dismay, shock, or offense.
322.	divulge	(verb)	to reveal, especially something secret.
323.	meditation	(noun)	a solitary practice involving reflection on a religious topic.
324.	franchise	(noun)	the right bestowed on an individual or group by a company to sell that company's goods in a specific region.

325.	pretentious	(adjective)	making claims of being superior : having an exaggerated sense of self-importance.
326.	embellishes	(verb)	makes attractive with adornments: decorates.
327.	appropriate	(verb)	to set aside for a particular purpose and none other.
328.	rummages	(verb)	thoroughly searches through.
329.	constricting	(verb)	causing to become narrower (such as a mouth or tunnel).
330.	inevitable	(adjective)	certain to occur.
331.	engrossed	(adjective)	totally absorbed or occupied.
332.	strife	(noun)	a state of distrust, or conflict that can be bitter and violent.
333.	hindmost	(adjective)	last : the farthest back.
334.	eviction	(noun)	the legal process of removing a person from property.
335.	protruding	(verb)	projecting beyond the surrounding surface.
336.	substantial	(adjective)	rather large in number, worth, or value.
337.	hooey	(noun)	nonsense: something that is absurd.
338.	blight	(noun)	something that upsets one's plans or dashes one's hopes.
339.	fronds	(plural noun)	fern leaves.
340.	authority	(noun)	the power to presume obedience from someone or something.
341.	minimize OR minimise	(verb)	to lessen to the smallest degree possible.
342.	flamingos OR flamingoes	(plural noun)	aquatic birds with long legs and necks, webbed feet, beaks sharply bent downward, and which are usually rosy-white in color.
343.	mechanics	(plural noun)	people who are adept in the operation or construction of machinery.
344.	bankrupt	(adjective)	declared legally unable to pay debts and with any assets seized by the courts to be shared among creditors.
345.	insurance	(noun)	a method of protecting assets against a potential loss as dictated by certain conditions and provided for a set amount of money.

346.	dismayed	(verb)	worried: upset.
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347.	offspring	(noun)	the result or product of something.
348.	pillage	(verb)	to loot.
349.	anguish	(noun)	extreme pain or distress.
350.	increments	(plural noun)	expansions or growths in size, number, or value.
351.	Odin	(noun)	the supreme god in Norse mythology.
352.	parishioner	(noun)	a person who belongs to or is part of a local church community.
353.	astrologers	(plural noun)	people who tell the future by looking at how the position of the stars in the sky supposedly affects people's lives and events on Earth.
354.	devout	(adjective)	religious, pious.
355.	shrike	(noun)	a gray or brownish insect-eating bird with a hooked bill that often uses thorns to impale its prey.
356.	Vancouver	(geographical entry)	a city in British Columbia, Canada.
357.	conjure	(verb)	to bring into reality as if by magic.
358.	stalagmite	(noun)	a mineral deposit growing up from the floor of a cave.
359.	traitorous	(adjective)	having the qualities of a person who betrays another.
360.	condominium	(noun)	a building that consists of multiple privately owned apartments or units.
361.	impenetrable	(adjective)	impossible to breach or enter.
362.	intercede	(verb)	to mediate between differing parties.
363.	defector	(noun)	someone who permanently leaves a party, cause, or doctrine, often in favor of another.
364.	livery	(noun)	distinctive clothing, such as that worn by people in a certain job.
365.	scuttlebutt	(noun)	gossip.
366.	battalion	(noun)	an army.
367.	chalet	(noun)	a residential building that resembles a type of Swiss house featuring decorative carved beams, balconies, and a sizeable roof overhang.

368.	Lutheran	(adjective)	relating to the German priest Martin and his teachings.
369.	roiling	(verb)	stirring up.
370.	psychiatrist	(noun)	a doctor who specializes in treating behavioral, mental, or emotional issues and disorders.
371.	disconcerting	(adjective)	embarrassing.
372.	Jesuit	(noun)	a man who belongs to a religious society founded by St. Ignatius Loyola in 1534.
373.	fodder	(noun)	a resource or inspiration for artistic work.
374.	sinuously	(adverb)	in an agile, powerful manner.
375.	irreversible	(adjective)	impossible to take back or cancel out.
376.	barricade	(noun)	an object or objects placed so as to prevent entry or passage.
377.	moustache OR mustache	(noun)	hair that grows on a person's upper lip.
378.	unprepossessing	(adjective)	producing a negative or neutral first impression.
379.	bipolar	(adjective)	affected by a mood disorder that causes experiences of depression and mania that alternate.
380.	torpid	(adjective)	lacking vigor.
381.	featherbrained	(adjective)	foolish.
382.	immoderate	(adjective)	beyond reasonable limits : extravagant.
383.	arrayed	(verb)	dressed in impressive or magnificent clothing.
384.	countenance	(noun)	the expression on one's face.
385.	scepter OR sceptre	(noun)	a ceremonial royal staff.
386.	scourge	(noun)	a cause of great suffering.
387.	irreverent	(adjective)	marked by a somewhat saucy, undisciplined, or vivacious manner.
388.	apparition	(noun)	a specter or ghost.
389.	dosages	(plural noun)	the amounts of medicines ordered by a physician for the treatment of illness.

390.	superintendent	(noun)	someone who is in charge of the operations and direction of an institution, place, department, or organization.
391.	exhalation	(noun)	an outward breath.
392.	discord	(noun)	a state of conflict or lack of agreement.
393.	clamorous	(adjective)	characterized by din: noisy.
394.	grimaces	(verb)	makes a deliberate facial expression in order to convey a feeling such as contempt.
395.	inheritance	(noun)	the receipt of property upon the owner's death.
396.	plumage	(noun)	all of a bird's feathers.
397.	epaulet OR epaulette	(noun)	a gold decorative fringed shoulder pad on a uniform.
398.	propound	(verb)	to put forward for consideration.
399.	chauffeurs	(plural noun)	people who transport other people by driving cars.
400.	disconsolate	(adjective)	despairingly sad.
401.	testosterone	(noun)	a type of hormone found in males.
402.	minivets	(plural noun)	brightly colored birds that feed mostly on insects and are often red and black (males) or yellow and gray (females).
403.	proscenium	(noun)	the wall that divides a theater's stage from the auditorium.
404.	politesse	(noun)	formal decorous or socially correct behavior.
405.	chanteuse	(noun)	a female singer.
406.	arrondissement	(noun)	an administrative district in some large cities in France.
407.	carabinieri	(plural noun)	individuals who form the Italian national police force.
408.	tamarisk	(noun)	a shrub or tree with extremely small flowers and tiny leaves that are like scales.
409.	liana	(noun)	a woody or herbaceous plant that has roots in the ground but climbs like a vine.
410.	sibilant	(adjective)	containing or making the sound of the /s/ or the /sh/ in sash.
411.	au revoir	(noun)	good-bye.

412.	bitumen	(noun)	any of several combinations of hydrocarbons (such as tar) that exist in nature or are gathered as residues from refining materials in nature.
413.	sacristy	(noun)	a room in a church that contains sacred items and clothing.
414.	Salzkammergut	(geographical entry)	a resort area in the north of Austria, situated east of Salzburg and harboring well-known deposits of salt.
415.	frisson	(noun)	a shiver or trembling; especially: a pleasing sensation of fear or dread: a thrill.
416.	Aachen	(geographical entry)	a German city in the western part of the country, close to the borders with the Netherlands and Belgium.
417.	oriole	(noun)	any of several New World songbirds that are brightly colored, the males usually being black and orange or yellow and the females either gray and yellow or olive-brown.
418.	Ganges	(geographical entry)	a river in northern India that empties into the Bay of Bengal.
419.	niagara	(noun)	a deluge.
420.	carrion	(noun)	the decaying flesh of a dead animal.
421.	samosas	(plural noun)	fried pastries that are stuffed with vegetables or spiced meat and shaped like small triangles.
422.	chalice	(noun)	a cup for drinking.
423.	necromancer	(noun)	a person who engages in the practice of raising the dead through magic.
424.	proffered	(verb)	presented for approval: proposed for acceptance.
425.	colonel	(noun)	an officer in the army, marines, or air force with a rank below brigadier general.
426.	subaltern	(noun)	a person who is a subordinate or who is lesser in some characteristic or aspect.
427.	Etruscan	(adjective)	having to do with an ancient country in Italy, its residents, or its culture.
428.	cloisters	(plural noun)	covered walkways each usually with one side walled and the other open to a courtyard and that are often found in monasteries or colleges.
429.	redound	(verb)	to affect the reputation of.
430.	Benedictine	(noun)	a person who belongs to a scholarly monastic order that began in the 6th century and is notable particularly for its liturgical worship.

431.	arcane	(adjective)	mysterious.
432.	soleil	(adjective)	polished with a high gloss or sheen.
433.	copse	(noun)	a grove of small trees that are frequently cut.
434.	scabbard	(noun)	a closely fitted case for a blade.
435.	courtiers	(plural noun)	gentlemen who are frequently in attendance at a royal house.
436.	assuage	(verb)	to calm down: to soothe or make less upset.
437.	adjutant	(adjective)	assisting.
438.	inexorably	(adverb)	unyieldingly.
439.	disgorged	(verb)	emptied.
440.	Algiers	(geographical entry)	the capital of Algeria, a port city on the Bay of (an inlet of the Mediterranean Sea).
441.	primavera	(adjective)	served with a selection of fresh vegetables — usually used postpositively.
442.	souterrain	(noun)	a path or room that is underground.
443.	knickerbockers	(plural noun)	pants that are knee-length, loose-fitting, and gathered at the knee with a band.
444.	litany	(noun)	a recitation with the repetitive or echoing nature of a ritualized repetition of prayers.
445.	unsullied	(adjective)	spotless, untarnished.
446.	Carthusian	(noun)	someone who belongs to a strict, ascetic religious order founded in 1084.
447.	maharaja OR maharajah	(noun)	a high-ranking Hindu ruler of one of the former territorial divisions of India.
448.	Upanishads OR Upanisads	(plural noun)	ancient treatises written in Vedic that deal with philosophical topics.
449.	arret	(noun)	a decision made by a court or a sovereign.
450.	marquee	(adjective)	having the star power of someone who is famous.